



Katarsis – Gender Issues

Acrescentar:

- **Self-exclusion of women**
- **Future initiatives**
- **Role of policies**

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3 analytical dimensions

- Exclusion dynamics in a gender perspective
- Potential for SCS in a gender perspective
- Specific SCS in a gender perspective

Exclusion dynamics in a gender perspective

Unequal levels of exclusion (greater vulnerability of women)

Unequal effects of exclusion (new opportunities are more reduced for women - less mobility, family responsibilities, cultural barriers, ...) - exclusion of women leads to children exclusion

Unequal social and cultural meanings of exclusion

Exclusion dynamics in a gender perspective

Wp1.1	Unemployment affects (much) women more than men Vulnerable professional situations are (much) more frequent among women Small-business initiative is culturally weaker among women Recession of public social services supply (difficulty of work-family conciliation)
Wp1.2	
Wp1.3	Urban dispersion - conciliation work-family become more difficult (distances house - workplace- kindergarten - supermarket,...) Breaking down of social (neighbourhood) networks - traditionally more important for women
Wp1.4	
Wp1.5	

Potential for SCS in a gender perspective

Social creativity is an inclusive concept (targeting equal opportunities for all)

Social creativity promotes change in social relations including family relations (empowerment)

Potential for SCS in a gender perspective

Wp1.1	Women as main beneficiaries of employment created in the social economy Greater visibility given to the non-productive/reproductive work traditionally performed by women
Wp1.2	
Wp1.3	Close relation between family and neighbourhood Reinforcement of neighbourhood social networks
Wp1.4	
Wp1.5	

Specific SCS in a gender perspective

Initiative	
Relevance of women	
Role of women	
Visibility of women	
Barriers to equal opportunities between women and men	